

Course Description

PHY1020 | General Education Physics | 3.00 credits

This course offers a comprehensive survey of physics, covering a wide range of topics including motion, newton's laws, energy, sound, heat, electricity, magnetism, and optics. Emphasizing a conceptual understanding of physics, the course integrates critical thinking skills and real-world applications. Student learning outcomes: students will critically evaluate everyday phenomena using the scientific method; students will explain the basis of physical principles (such as conservation laws) and how they apply to everyday phenomena; students will interpret information conveyed in diagrams and graphs; and students will perform simple calculations relevant to real world problems.

Course Competencies:

Competency 1: The student will demonstrate knowledge of what science is by:

- 1. Describing the steps involved in the scientific method
- 2. Recognizing the necessity of the scientific method for understanding the physical world
- 3. Identifying important contributions of science to technology, economics, history and society

Competency 2: The student will demonstrate knowledge of what physics is by:

- 1. Describing the subject of study, scope and limitations of physics as a science
- 2. Identifying the significant subdivisions of physics
- 3. Identifying essential physicists

Competency 3: The student will demonstrate knowledge of the scientific notation by:

- 1. Describing the standard form of scientific notation
- 2. Expressing various numbers in scientific notation
- 3. Utilizing scientific notation to perform basic numerical operations

Competency 4: The student will demonstrate knowledge of scientific units and measurements by:

- 1. Identifying the main systems of units
- 2. Identifying the main multiples and submultiples within each system
- 3. Distinguishing between base units and derived units
- 4. Converting measurements.

Competency 5: The student will demonstrate knowledge of kinematics by:

- 1. Identifying the main types of motion
- 2. Describing motion in terms of position, distance, speed, velocity, and acceleration
- 3. Performing basic calculations on motion

Competency 6: The student will demonstrate knowledge of dynamics by:

- 1. Identifying force as the cause of motion
- 2. Distinguishing between mass and weight
- 3. Describing Newton's laws of motion
- 4. Performing basic calculations using the laws of motion

Competency 7: The student will demonstrate knowledge of conservation laws by:

- 1. Distinguishing between work, kinetic energy, potential energy, total energy, linear momentum, and angular momentum
- 2. Expressing and using in basic calculations the law of conservation of energy

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- 3. Expressing and using the law of conservation of linear momentum in basic calculations
- 4. Expressing and using the law of conservation of angular momentum in basic calculations

Competency 8: The student will demonstrate knowledge of fluids by:

- 1. Distinguishing between density and pressure
- 2. Describing Pascal's principle and its applications
- 3. Describing Archimedes' principle and its applications
- 4. Describing Bernoulli's principle and its applications
- 5. Distinguishing the different kinds of fluid low

Competency 9: The student will demonstrate knowledge of thermodynamics by:

- 1. Describing the laws of thermodynamics
- 2. Distinguishing between temperature and heat
- 3. Identifying the main types of heatflow
- 4. Describing the relationship between temperature, pressure, and volume

Competency 10: The student will demonstrate knowledge of electricity by:

- 1. Distinguishing between electric charge, electric force, electric field, electric potential, and electric current
- 2. Describing Coulomb's law and using it in basic calculations
- 3. Describing Ohm's law and using it in basic calculations
- 4. Distinguishing between series and parallel connections in circuits
- 5. Distinguishing between direct and alternating currents

Competency 11: The student will demonstrate knowledge of magnetism by:

- 1. Distinguishing between magnets, magnetic force, magnetic field, and magnetic torque
- 2. Describing how magnetic fields affect the motion of charges and currents
- 3. Describing electromagnetic induction and its applications

Competency 12: The student will demonstrate knowledge of optics by:

- 1. Distinguishing between ray and wavefront
- 2. Distinguishing between reflection, refraction, dispersion, interference, and diffraction
- 3. Describing the law of reflection and using it in basic calculations
- 4. Describing the law of refraction and using it in basic calculations
- 5. Identifying fundamental optical instruments

Competency 13: The student will demonstrate knowledge of relativity by:

- 1. Describing the postulates of special relativity
- 2. Describing time dilation and length contraction
- 3. Describing the relation between mass and energy and its implications
- 4. Describing the general ideas of general relativity and its implications

Competency 14: The student will demonstrate knowledge of atomic, nuclear, and particle physics by:

- 1. Describing the main components of the atom
- 2. Describing Bohr's model of theatom
- 3. Describing the quantized nature of atomic properties
- 4. Describing nuclear particles and the force between them
- 5. Describing radioactivity and identifying its main types
- 6. Identifying the main types of subatomic particles

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Learning Outcomes

- Communicate effectively using listening, speaking, reading, and writing skills
- Use quantitative analytical skills to evaluate and process numerical data
- Solve problems using critical and creative thinking and scientific reasoning

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